Activity: Lantern Colouring and Decoration

Ramadan lanterns or fanous ("The light of the world") are a cultural symbol associated with the holy month. Believed to originate in Egypt, dating back to the Fatimid era, they are still a familiar sight and are used to decorate streets, shops, mosques and houses during Ramadan and Eid al-Fitr as a representation of all things good.



Each country has their own style of decoration, however in North African countries arabesque designs are predominant.

The dazzlingly colourful lanterns have a beautiful and luminous effect on everyone who sees them, especially children. Over time, they have come to be seen as the light we share with others.

What you will need:

- Paints, crayons or coloured pens or pencils
- Stickers and glitter (optional)
- Paper
- Printer
- Scissors
- Glue, sticky tape or stapler (optional)
- String or wool (optional)
- Different colour cards (optional)
- Colourful tissue paper (optional)

Variations:

For extra strength, you can print the template onto different coloured cards. You can print each template multiple times or print each template onto coloured cards for a simple design. For easier colouring, no cutting is required just print the sheet. For a more complex lamp, try also cutting out the windows inside the lantern templates and sticking colourful tissue paper behind them.

How to:

- 1. Print the lantern, stars or half moons templates onto plain paper.
- 2. Colour in or paint the template as desired.
- 3. Add stickers, glitter, or any other decoration you'd like to your lantern.
- 4. Once decorated, cut along the outside lines on the sheet, and pierce the hole at the top with a pencil or cut it with scissors (Participants may need some assistance with using scissors).
- 5. You have the option to thread some strings or wool through the hole to create an amazing hanging decoration. Lanterns can hang individually, or on a string with others.
- 6. You can add stars or half moons to create a more eye-catching decoration.











Cut the templates along the outer line and pierce the hole with a pencil























